12 June 2015



To: Mr. Randip Singh Jagpal, Sr. Joint Director Ms. Mamta Suri, Senior Joint Director Mr. R.K.Sharma, Joint Director

GFIA Comments on IRDAI, 27 May, 2015 Second Exposure Draft Regulations for Registration and Operations of Branch Offices of Foreign Reinsurers (excluding Lloyd's)

The Global Federation of Insurance Associations (GFIA), which through its 39 member associations represents insurers that account for approximately 87% or more than \$4.0 trillion in total annual insurance premiums worldwide, would like to provide comments on the Second Exposure Draft Regulations for Registration and Operations of Branch Offices of Foreign Reinsurers, excluding Lloyd's (the Draft Regulations).

GFIA is very grateful to the IRDAI for the consideration provided to stake holders in the acceptance of many or the comments to the 7April 2015 First Exposure Draft Regulations, as well as the opportunity to provide comments on the 27 May 2015 Second Exposure Draft Regulations. Our comments are intended to provide substantive assistance to the Authority as you work to implement the Draft Regulations in a timely manner so as to achieve the objectives of the Government's legislative intent.

We sincerely appreciate your consideration in providing additional time to us to formally reply and we would be pleased to answer any questions or provide any further assistance to the Authority or the Insurance Advisory Committee.

#### **GFIA** contact

Brad Smith, chair GFIA Trade Working Group, BradSmith@acli.com

#### About the GFIA

Through its 39 member associations, the Global Federation of Insurance Associations (GFIA) represents the interests of insurers and reinsurers in 59 countries. These companies account for around 87% of total insurance premiums worldwide. The GFIA is incorporated in Switzerland and its secretariat is based in Brussels.

Global Federation of Insurance Associations (GFIA) Secretariat: rue Montoyer 51, 1000 Brussels, Belgium Tel: +32 2 894 30 81 E-mail: mihai@GFIAinsurance.org www.GFIAinsurance.org © Reproduction in whole or in part of the content of this document and the communication thereof are made with the consent of the GFIA, must be clearly attributed to the GFIA and must include the date of the GFIA document.

Chang	Change suggested by			Global Federation of Insurance Associations (GFIA)		
Date				10 June, 2015		
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	changes su	ggested	1			
Page No	Regulatio ns /Annexur e	Regulation and Sub- Regulation No./ Para Number	Comments/Suggestions		Reasons	
1	Chapter I	Clause 2 (e) – Net Owned Fund (NOF)	the home jurisdiction of the		There is a need for clarification of the newly introduced clause on NOF and the terms used. We recommend IRDAI rely on existing determinations in this regard.	
			For the NOF investments should be con not be deduc	in subsidiaries unted in and	Deducting investments in subsidiaries would lead to an inaccurate reflection of the financial position of the applicant	

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2	Chapter II	5: Eligibility norms	The requirement in: 5(b): Regarding "national regulatory environment", we seek clarification that that this applies to, for example, the state based "national" system in the US.		Clarity	
			5 e) that the applicant be in the reinsurance business for at least 10 years should be eliminated or reduced, as the applicant should be judged on financial strength and not years of operation.		Current language not prudentially based.	
			Revise 5 c) to state: "The applicant shall be registered in a national regulatory environment and the applicant is subject to a with whom		This ensures that an applicant that is subject to the tax regime of one country that has signed such an agreement, but is registered in a different	

	the Government of India	country, would meet this
	<del>has signed</del> Double	requirement.
	Taxation Avoidance	
	Agreement with India."	

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Page	Regulation	<b>Regulation and Sub-</b>	<b>Comments/Suggestions</b>	Reasons	
No	S	Regulation No./			
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2	Chapter II	6. "The Authority may	We would ask that this	То	
		take a decision on the	direction should be expanded	provide	
		number of re-insurers	to include a counter balancing	predictabi	
		that may be permitted to	sentence stating that	lity.	
		set-up branches in a year	"selection criteria for the		
		depending on the	sequencing of branch		
		orderly growth of the	application approvals should		
		insurance and	be transparent and well		
		reinsurance market,	documented."		
		national interest, or			
		other related aspects."			

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	changes sugg	gested				
Page	Regulation Regulation and Sub-			ments/Suggestions	Reasons	
No	s Regulation No./					
	/Annexure	Para Number				
10	Chapter VI	28.3 Appointment of	We	would seek	Support global	
		Chief Executive	cons	ideration by IRDAI that	best	
		Officer and key	prof	essional reinsurers are	practices and	
		management	pern	nitted to appoint their	address privacy	
		personnel	Chie	f Executive Officer of	issues of	
			forei	gn branches without	prospect	
			havi	ng individual	management.	
			remu	uneration approved by		
			the r	egulatory authority.		

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	changes suggested					
Page	Regulation	<b>Regulation and Sub-</b>	C	omments/Suggestions	Reasons	
No	s	Regulation No./				
	/Annexure	Para Number				
10	Chapter VI	28.5 Outsourcing: "The branch office of foreign reinsurer shall retain the core activities such as underwriting, claims settlement and regulatory compliances and may outsource functions such as back- office servicing, investment, IT, accounts, marketing, human resources, administration and publicity. No other function can be outsourced without the prior approval of the Authority".	ccc th ree sy ree w ree ar sh vc of In hi	Ve would seek onsideration by IRDAI nat professional einsurers be permitted orely on a collective ystem of global and egional centers of scellence in inderwriting, claims and ompliance to allow for echnical specialization which should not be equired in every market round the world. IRDAI nould seek to foster the pluntary establishment f such centers within idia, based on India's ighly educated and killed labor force.	Support global best practices and Indian technical development and highly skilled jobs.	

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11	Chapter VI	28.8 (e) allows the branch office to retrocede to "a reinsurer" having at least a stable outlook from any of the internationally renowned credit rating agencies for the last 5 years.	We seek clarification that the reference to "a reinsurer" includes internal retrocessions to a reinsurer in the branch office's group.	Clarity	

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Page	Regulation	Regulation and Sub-	n and Sub- Comments/Suggestions		Reasons	
No	S	Regulation No./				
	/Annexure	Para Number				
11	Chapter VI	Section 28, Point 9		would like to clarify whether	Flexibility	
		"Order of		is a prescribed order that the		
		Preferences for		an insurer must rigidly follow. If		
		Cession by Indian		ve believe this does impose		
		insurers"		e unnecessary and detrimental		
			restr	ictions on Indian insurers,		
			parti	icularly those that are affiliated		
			with	larger international insurance		
			grou	ps (which represent the		
				whelming majority of private		
			life i	nsurers operating in the Indian		
			marl	ketplace).		
			Spec	ifically, there are often intra-		
			grou	p reinsurance arrangements		
			and	entities that operate within an		
			inter	mational insurance group.		
			Thes	e do not normally operate as a		
			true	third party reinsurer but		
			rath	er as a captive reinsurer, but		
				ive only to the insurance		
				ities of the particular		
				rance group; such captive		
				cy's reinsurance arrangements		
				ld only be with the affiliated		
			insu	rers operating within the		
			insu	rance group.		

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	Such arrangements often provide
	preferential commercial rates,
	speed and efficiency of establishing
	the relationship (given the intra-
	group nature of the arrangement)
	and operational speed and
	efficiency in the ongoing
	administration of the reinsurance
	relationship (speed of invoicing,
	payments etc, again given the
	intra-group nature of the
	arrangement). As such, intra-group
	reinsurance arrangements could be
	more beneficial to consumers than
	cessions to third parties.
	We believe for the above stated
	reasons there are circumstances
	where it would be preferable for
	the Indian insurer to have the
	flexibility to establish reinsurance
	arrangements with the affiliated
	captive reinsurer rather than going
	through the other options set out
	in Section 28, Point 9.
	On a related point, there are also
	potential multinational pooling
	arrangements in which reinsurance
	through an affiliated captive would
	facilitate the provision of such
	multinational pooling benefits to
	certain clients and this is also a
	reason in support of flexibility of
	reinsurance arrangements for the
	Indian insurer.
	We would encourage IRDA to
	consider amending the provision to
	state the options contained in
	Section 28, Point 9, but providing
	flexibility for the Indian insurers to
	select which option is preferred
	given their particular requirements
	given their particular requirements

and circumstances.
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11	Chapter VI	28.9(c):	informatic difference that would reinsurers	request more on with respect to the , if any, in the tax rates d be applicable to that set up in the special zone versus those that	Predictability.

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NA	The (Life Insurance- Reinsurance) Regulations, 2013		We ask the IRDAI to reconsider the retention limits that are based on the insurer's years of operation imposed in the (Life Insurance-Reinsurance) Regulations, 2013, now that reinsurer branches will be allowed and will be subject to full prudential IRDAI supervision. Rather than setting retention limits, IRDAI should focus on ensuring that the ceding insurer has adopted a prudent approach to the purchase of reinsurance and to the management of risk associated with purchasing reinsurance. The choice of reinsurance cover should be a commercial decision made by management within the overall reinsurance strategy of the ceding insurer. In other words, the cedant should be left to judge whether the risk profile - including the experience, expertise and solvency position - of all the reinsurers to which it cedes is acceptable and in line with its operating strategy.		Consiste ncy	